



UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL
B.Sc. Honours 4th Semester Examination, 2021

SEC2 (P2)-MATHEMATICS

Full Marks: 60

ASSIGNMENT

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
All symbols are of usual significance.*

**The question paper contains SEC2A and SEC2B.
The candidates are required to answer any *one* from *two* papers.
Candidates should mention it clearly on the Answer Book.**

SEC2A

GRAPH THEORY

GROUP-A

Answer *all* questions

$2 \times 5 = 10$

1. (a) Find the smallest positive integer n such that the complete graph K_n has at least 500 edges.
- (b) Find the incidence matrix of the graph K_6 .
- (c) Does there exist a tree of order 11 such that the sum of the degrees of the vertices is 22? — Justify.
- (d) Find the adjacency matrix of the complete bipartite graph $K_{3,4}$.
- (e) Find the number of spanning trees of K_5 .

GROUP-B

$10 \times 3 = 30$

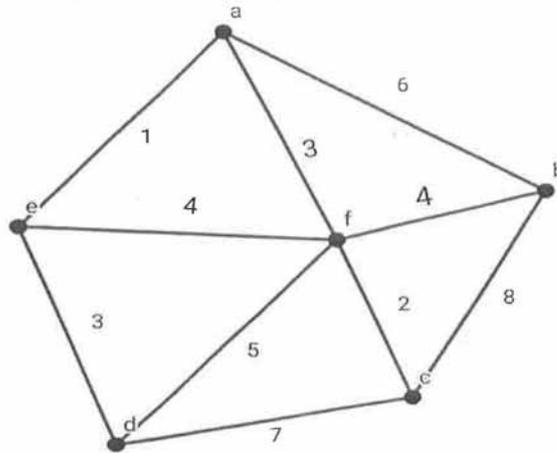
2. (a) Let G be a disconnected graph of order $2n$ with two components G_1 and G_2 . If order of G_1 is $(n-1)$, find the minimum possible size of G . 3
- (b) Find n , for which the complete graph K_n is (i) Semi-Eulerian (ii) Eulerian. 4
- (c) Find the rank of the adjacency matrix of the complete bipartite graph $K_{3,3}$. 3
3. (a) Prove that the order of a self-complementary graph must be of the form $4k$ or $4k+1$, k being a positive integer. 3
- (b) Let G be a simple graph connected graph of order $n \geq 3$ and size m . Prove that G is Hamiltonian if $m \geq \frac{1}{2}(n-1)(n-2) + 2$. 5
- (c) Examine, whether a graph having no odd degree vertex is a tree or not? 2

4. (a) Let T_1 be a tree of order n and size 10 and T_2 be another tree of order $4n-1$. Find the size of T_2 . 3
 (b) Prove that the complement of a disconnected graph is connected. 4
 (c) Give an example of two non isomorphic graphs with same degree sequence. 3

GROUP-C

5×2 = 10

5. (a) Find a minimal spanning tree of the graph shown below. 5

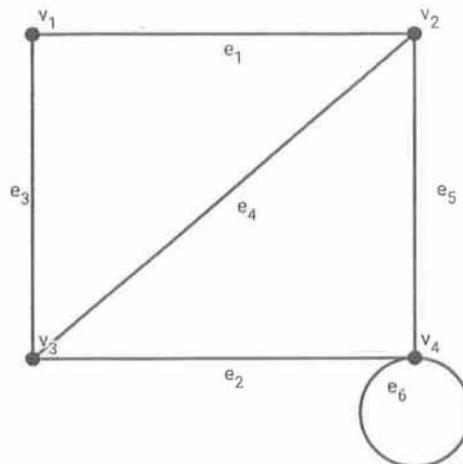


- (b) (i) Let G be a 3-regular graph of order $n \geq 8$. Show that the complement of G is Hamiltonian. 2
 (ii) Show that the number of edges of a bipartite graph of order n is at most $\frac{n^2}{4}$. 3

GROUP-D

5×2 = 10

6. (a) Find the *adjacency matrix* of the graph with respect to the listing v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4 of the vertices. Hence, find the number of distinct walks of length 2 from v_2 to v_3 and write these walks. 5



- (b) (i) Construct a simple graph G with 6 vertices such that G has exactly 5 edges but G is not a tree. 2
 (ii) Prove that the complete graph K_n can be expressed as the union of k bipartite graph if and only if $n \leq 2^k$. 3

SEC2B

OPERATING SYSTEM : LINUX

GROUP-A

1. Answer **all** questions from the following: 2×5 = 10
- (a) Write any two features of Linux OS.
 - (b) What is LILO?
 - (c) What is swap space?
 - (d) What is active Directory and how it works?
 - (e) Differentiate between root user and normal user.

GROUP-B

Answer all questions from the following

10×3 = 30

2. Write about the following Linux commands with example:
cd, cp, pwd, mkdir, rmdir, md, cat, ls
3. Explain the architecture of Linux OS.
4. Explain the concept of shell and kernel? How to view contents of a file in LINUX system?

GROUP-C

5. Answer **all** questions from the following: 5×2 = 10
- (a) Define vi Editor and explain its modes. Brief about the commands used in the vi Editor.
 - (b) Short note on booting process of the Linux OS.

GROUP-D

6. Answer **all** questions from the following: 5×2 = 10
- (a) Explain file system structure of Linux. Explain the pipe feature in Unix with examples.
 - (b) Explain the Key features of Linux file system.

—x—