



UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL
B.Sc. Honours 5th Semester Examination, 2020

CC12-CHEMISTRY

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

Full Marks: 40

ASSIGNMENT

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
All symbols are of usual significance.*

Answer any four questions from the following

10×4 = 40

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| 1. (a) Define and explain operators in Quantum Mechanics. | 2 |
| (b) Derive Schrodinger Wave Equation (time independent) and also express it by using Laplacian and Hamiltonian operators. | 4+2 |
| (c) What are eigen values and eigen functions? | 2 |
| 2. (a) Briefly explain normalized and orthogonal wave functions. | $1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2}$ |
| (b) What are Orthonormal wave functions? | 1 |
| (c) Solve Schrodinger wave equation for a particle in one dimensional box and also evaluate its energy. | 4 |
| (d) Justify the existence of Zero Point Energy. | 2 |
| 3. (a) Explain why Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle is of paramount importance for macroscopic particles but insignificant for macroscopic bodies. | 2 |
| (b) State and explain the Postulates of Quantum Mechanics. | 5 |
| (c) What is it that $\psi\psi^*$ is taken instead of ψ^2 ? | 1 |
| (d) What will happen if the walls of a one-dimensional box are suddenly removed? | 2 |
| 4. (a) Pure vibrational transition without affecting rotation is not permitted. Explain. | 2 |
| (b) Which of the two H ₂ and HCl will give rotational spectra and why? | 2 |
| (c) Explain the fact that pure rotational Spectra of a linear rotor consists of a series of lines with constant Spacing. | 3 |
| (d) What is Born-Oppenheimer approximation? | 3 |
| 5. (a) Using the energy level expression and appropriate selection rule draw an energy Level diagram and the Spectral transitions for the vibration-rotation spectrum of a diatomic molecule. | 5 |

- (b) What are the P- and R-branch in vibration-rotation Spectra of a diatomic molecule? 3
- (c) How does anharmonicity affect the vibrational spectra of diatomic molecules? 2
6. (a) What is Raman Effect? 2
- (b) What are Rayleigh, Stokes' and Anti-Stokes' lines in Raman Spectra? 4
- (c) Although CO₂ has no permanent dipole moment, it can produce both Infra red and Raman Spectra. Explain. 4
7. (a) State and explain Lambert-Beer's Law. Derive the integrated mathematical expression for this law. 2+3
- (b) What is the significance of molar extinction coefficient? 1
- (c) What is quantum efficiency? 2
- (d) Quantum yield of H₂ and Cl₂ reaction is high but that of H₂ and Br₂ is low at ordinary temperature, although both are chain reactions. Explain. 2
8. (a) Explain Photosensitized reactions with suitable examples. 2
- (b) Write a note on Chemiluminescence. 3
- (c) What are the advantages of Raman Spectroscopy over IR Spectroscopy? 2
- (d) If two operators A and B commute, then show that they have the same set of eigen functions. 3

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